

## 30th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Date: 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2024

Day: Sunday Time: 11:30 A.M.

Venue: AGM of the Company isbeing conducted through VC/OAVM Facility

CIN: L74899DL1994PLC057507

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Ravi Jain (Managing Director)

Mr. Raghu Nandan Arora (Executive Non-Independent Director)
Mr. Bhuvnesh Kumar Sharma (Non-Executive Non-Independent Director)

Mrs. Shruti Das (Independent Director)
Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma (Independent Director)

## **COMPANY SECRETARY, COMPLIANCE OFFICER & CFO**

Ashish

## **AUDITORS**

M/s Sanjeev Bhargava& Associates Chartered Accountant

## **BANKERS**

Union Bank of India

#### **REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER**

MAS Services Limited

T -34, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Okhla Industrial Area

Phase -II, New Delhi -110020 Phone: 011-26387281/82/83 Website: www.masserv.com Email: info@masserv.com

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

B – 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

Phone: 011-45058963

Website: www.brilliantportfolios.com Email: brilliantportfolios@gmail.com

## **SHARES LISTED AT**

**BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE** 

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## **BOARD'S REPORT**

## To The Members,

The Directors of your Company have the pleasure in presenting the 30<sup>th</sup>Annual Report together with the audited financial statements for the financial year ("FY") ended March 31, 2024.

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

The Summary of the Company's Financial Performance for the Financial Year 2023-24 as compared to the previous Financial Year 2022-23 as given below:

(In Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	2023-24	2022-23
Gross Income	305.76	277.80
Less: Expenses & Provisions	66.15	41.55
Less: Depreciation	0.1	0
Less: Interest & Finance Charges	173.36	173.11
Profit Before Tax	66.15	63.14
Less: Provisions for taxation	16.20	16.37
Profit After Tax (PAT)	49.95	46.77
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	394.10	356.69
Balance available for appropriations	444.05	403.46
Appropriations		
Statutory Reserve	9.99	9.35
Net worth	874.31	824.36

#### **OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE**

The financial year 2023-24 saw steady performance. The Gross income is improved by 10% over the previous year and the PAT during the year under review increased by 6.8%. During the year under review total revenue of the Company was Rs.305.76Lakhs as against Rs. 277.80Lakhs in the previous year. The company earned a net profit(before tax) of Rs.66.15Lakhsagainst a net profit (before tax) of Rs.63.14Lakhs during the previous year.

#### DIVIDEND

The Directors did not recommend any dividend for the year ended March 31, 2024 after taking into consideration growth of the company, investment in the business and to conserve resources.

## TRANSFER TO RESERVES

As required under Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, 20% of the profits are required to be transferred to a Special Reserve Account. Accordingly, the Company has transferred Rs. 9.99/- (In Lakhs) in current year and Rs. 9.35/- (In Lakhs) in previous year to Statutory Reserve Account.

#### **REGISTRATION AS A LOAN COMPANY**

The Company is a registered Non-Banking Financial Institution - Loan Company ("NBFC-LC") pursuant to the receipt of Certificate of Registration from the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act.

#### INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF AFFAIRSOF THE COMPANY

The information on the affairs of the Company has been given as part of the Management Discussion and Analysis section of the Report.

#### MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report.

#### CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There has been no change in the nature of business and operations of the Company during the year under review.

## SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

During the Financial Year, no Company became or ceased to be the Subsidiary, Joint Venture or Associate Company.

#### TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

During the year under review, your Company was not required to transfer any amount to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

#### **DEPOSITS**

During the year under review, the Company has neither invited nor accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules. 2014.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

As on March 31, 2024, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 350/- (In Lakhs) (35,00,000 Shares of Rs. 10/- each and the Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company stands at Rs. 310.18 (In Lakhs) (comprising of 31,01,800 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each). During the Financial Year, the Company had not issued any Equity shares with Differential rights, any Sweat equity Shares and any Employee stock Option.

#### **FUND RAISING**

During the year under review, no fund raising activity was undertaken.

#### RESERVE BANK OF INDIA DIRECTIONS

Your Company is categorized as a non-deposit taking non-systematically important non-banking finance company (NBFC). Accordingly, during the year your Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and there were no deposits which become due for repayment or renewal. The Company has always endeavored to maintain the highest standards of compliance and culture within the organisation and shall continue to do so going ahead. The Company continues to comply with all the applicable laws, regulations,

guidelines etc. prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), from time to time. The Company has complied with the 'Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company–Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023', amended from time to time and all other applicable Directions/regulations/circulars of RBI during the Financial Year 2023-24.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

As of March 31, 2024, the Company has Five Directors including one Woman Director, of which two were Independent Directors of the Company. The composition of the Board is in accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulation read with Section 149 of the Act, with an appropriate combination of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Section 152 of the Act provides that unless the Articles of Association provide for retirement of all directors at every AGM, not less than two-third of the total number of directors of a public company (excluding the Independent Directors) shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation, of which one-third are liable to retire by rotation. Accordingly, Mr. Bhuvnesh Kumar Sharma and Mr. Raghu Nandan Arora, Directors of the Company, are liable to retire by rotation at the ensuring Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors recommends their re-appointment.

The brief details of the Director proposed to be re-appointed as required under Secretarial Standard-2issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations is provided in the Notice convening Annual General Meeting of the Company.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed thatthey are not disqualified to act as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act.

The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise(including proficiency, as applicable) and hold highest standards of integrity.

#### **DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

All Independent Directors have submitted the declaration of independence, pursuant to the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Act and Regulation25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, stating that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulations 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact his/her ability to discharge his/ her duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

#### FIT AND PROPER CRITERIA & CODE OF CONDUCT

All the Directors meet the fit and proper criteria stipulated by RBI. Further, all the Independent Directors have affirmed that they have adhered and complied with the Company's Code of Conduct for Independent Directors which is framed in accordance with Schedule IV of the Act.

## **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL ("KMP'S")**

As on March 31, 2024, the Company had the following KMPs:

- Mr. Ravi Jain- Managing Director
- ➤ Mr. Ashish Chief Financial Officer
- Mr. Ashish Company Secretary

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT ANDREMUNERATION/COMPENSATION FOR DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Section

178 of the Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015 ("the Listing Regulations"), your Company has adopted Nomination and Remuneration Policy which, inter-alia, includes the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors, identification of persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in the Senior Management team.

#### PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD

The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Listing Regulations") stipulate the evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees, Individual Directors and the Chairperson. The Company has formulated a process for performance evaluation of the Independent Directors, the Board, its committees and other individual Directors. The Board was satisfied with the evaluation process and approves the evaluation result thereof.

#### **MEETINGS OF BOARD**

During the year, four board meetings were held during the year on 22<sup>nd</sup> May, 2023, 11<sup>th</sup> August, 2023, 09<sup>th</sup> November, 2023 and 12<sup>th</sup> February, 2024. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

A qualified and Independent Audit Committee of the Board of the company is functioning. It monitors and supervises the Management's financial reporting process with a view to ensure accurate and proper disclosure, transparency and quality of financial reporting. The committee reviews the financial and risk management policies and also the adequacy of internal control systems and holds discussions with Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors. This is enhancing the credibility of the financial disclosures of the company and also provides transparency.

#### Terms of reference

The role and terms of reference of the Audit Committee cover the areas mentioned under Regulation 18 (3) of Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

#### Composition

The Audit Committee comprises of 3 (Three) directors. Mrs. Shruti Das is the chairman of the Audit Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

## Meetings

Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024.

#### STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

## Term of reference

The role and terms of reference of the cover the areas mentioned under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

## Composition

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprise of 3 (Three) Directors. Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Sharma is the chairman of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director.

#### Meetings

Two meetings of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024.

#### **NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

#### · Term of reference

The role and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee cover the areas mentioned under Regulation 19 (4) of Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred to by the Board of Directors from time to time.

#### Composition

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of 3 (Three) Directors. Mrs. Shruti Das is the chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and is a Non-executive and Independent Director.

#### Meetings

Two meetings of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee were held during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024.

#### WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY / VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has formulated and established a Vigil Mechanism named Whistle Blower Policy to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement and to enable Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of Code of Conduct and to report incidents of leak or suspected leak of unpublished price sensitive information. Adequate safeguards are provided against victimization of those who avail of the mechanism and direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases is provided to them.

During the year under review, no complaint pertaining to the Company was received under the Whistle Blower mechanism.

## **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

In terms of section 134(3) (c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Board of Directors, to the best of its knowledge and ability confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern basis;
- e) the Directors have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and

f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that systems are adequate and are operating effectively.

#### **AUDITORS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### STATUTORY AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139(2) of the Act and the rules made thereunder and RBI requirements, the Members at their Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting held on 25th September, 2022 had appointed M/s Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Registration No. 003724N) as Statutory Auditor of the Company from the conclusion of Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Thirty First Annual General Meeting."Further, the Statutory Auditors have confirmed that they have subjected themselves to Peer Review process by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and hold valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of ICAI.

The Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) is authorized to decide and finalize the terms and conditions including remuneration of the Statutory Auditor."

The Notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditors Report are self–explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### **SECRETARIAL AUDITOR**

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Act read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and as per the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has appointed M/s. Om Prakash Agrahari & Co., Company Secretaries in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. There are no qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the Secretarial Auditors, in their Audit Report for the FY 2023-24. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith marked as Annexure – I to this Report.

## MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The maintenance of cost records, for the services rendered by the Company, is not required pursuant to Section 148(1) of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 and hence such accounts and records were not required to be maintained by the Company.

### **INTERNAL AUDITOR**

During the year under review, Mr. Nitin Agrawal was appointed as the Internal Auditor of the Company to conduct the Internal Audit on the basis of detailed Internal Audit Plan. The Company follows a robust Internal Audit process and audits are conducted on a regular basis, throughout the year, as per the agreed audit plan.

#### **REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS**

During the year under review, neither the Statutory Auditors nor the Secretarial Auditor of the Company have reported any instance of frauds committed in the Company by its Officers or Employees to the Audit Committee under Section 143(12) of the Act and therefore, no detail is required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(ca) of the Act.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS**

The Directors state that proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the applicable laws. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 118 of the Act,2013 during FY 2024, the Company has adhered with the applicable provisions of the Secretarial Standards("SS-1" and "SS-2") relating to 'Meetings of the Board of

Directors' and 'General Meetings' issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ("ICSI") and notified by MCA.

#### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ITS ADEQUACY

Your Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. Your Company uses various industry standard systems to enable, empower and engender businesses and also to maintain its Books of Accounts. The transactional controls built into these systems ensure appropriate segregation of duties, the appropriate level of approval mechanisms and maintenance of supporting records. The systems, Standard Operating Procedures and controls are reviewed by the Management.

Based on the assessments carried out by the Management during the year, no reportable material weakness or significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal financial controls was observed.

Your Company recognises that Internal Financial Controls cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial, operational and compliance reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Also, projections of any evaluation of the Internal Financial Controls to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

Risk management forms an integral part of the Company's business. Your Company has a comprehensive Risk Management Policy in place and has laid down a well-defined risk management framework to identify, assess and monitor risks and strengthen controls to mitigate risks ensuring its effectiveness.

The Risk Management Policy, inter-alia, includes identification of elements of risk, including Cyber Security and related risks as well as those risks which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company.

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The provision of Section 135 of the Act with respect to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is not applicable to the Company; hence there is no need to develop policy on CSR.

## PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEESANDRELATED INFORMATION

In accordance with the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, a statement containing the disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under the Act and the above Rules, are appended to this Report as Annexure II.

## PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS ORARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During FY 2024, all the contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis and were in compliance with the provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations. All related party transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for review and approval. All related party transactions as required under Indian Accounting Standards - 24 (Ind AS-24) are reported in Note - 33 of Standalone Financial Statements.

Pursuant to Section 134(3) (h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, there are no related party transactions that are required to be reported under Section 188(1) of the Act in the prescribed Form AOC-2.

#### ANNUAL RETURN AS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE ACT

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, copy of the annual return for financial year ended March 31, 2024, can be accessed on our website athttp://brilliantportfolios.com/.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this Report.

#### REPORT ONCORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company having paid up capital and Net worth is less than the threshold provided under Regulation 15 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Hence, it does not require any further comment.

#### **BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT**

The provisions of Clause 34(2)(f) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations regarding the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report is not applicable on the Company for the year under review.

## DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

Your Company is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to ensuring that the work environment. It strongly believes in upholding the dignity of all its employees, irrespective of their gender or seniority. Discrimination and harassment of any type are strictly prohibited. Your Company has in place a comprehensive Policy in accordance with the provisions of POSH Act and Rules made thereunder.

Your Company has adopted zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has formulated a Policy for Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at Work Place in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act") and the Rules framed there under for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace. Your Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Committee under the POSH Act. During the year under review, no complaints were received from any of the employees.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The Company being engaged in the financial services activities, its operations are not energy intensive nor does it require adoption of specific technology and hence information in terms of Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014is not applicable to the Company. Nevertheless, the Company is vigilant on the need for conservation of energy.

During the FY 2023-24, the Company's foreign exchange earnings and outgo were NIL.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES OR GUARANTEES

The Company being a Non-Banking Finance Company, the provisions of Section 186 of the Act pertaining to granting of loans to any persons or bodies corporate and giving of guarantees or providing security in connection with loans to any other bodies corporate or persons are not applicable to the Company.

#### SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS

During the Financial Year 2023-24, there were no Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators / Courts/ Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations. Further, no penalties have been levied by the RBI or any other regulator during the year under review.

#### LISTING

Equity Shares of your Company are listed on BSE Limited. Your Company has paid required listing fees to Stock Exchanges for FY 2024-25.

## MANAGING DIRECTOR (MD) AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO) CERTIFICATE

In terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations), the certificate, as prescribed in Part B of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, has been obtained from Mr. Ravi Jain, Managing Director and Ashish, CFO of the company for the Financial Year 2023-24 with regard to the Financial Statements and other matters.

## DISCLOSURE PERTAINING TO INSOLVENCY& BANKRUPTCY CODE ("IBC")

During the period under review, no application was made by or against the company, and accordingly, no proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

#### DISCLOSURE OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

The Company did not avail any such one time settlement during the Financial Year. Therefore, disclosure of the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof is not applicable to the Company.

#### **DEMATERIALIZATION OF EQUITY SHARES**

Equity Shares of the Company are compulsorily tradable in electronic form. As on March 31, 2024, 78.88% of the Equity Shares are held in electronic form and 6,54,965 Equity Shares out of 31,01,800 Equity Shares were held in physical form. In view of the numerous advantages offered by the Depository System, the Members holding shares in physical form are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialization.

#### STATUTORY DISCLAIMER

The Company is having a valid Certificate of Registration issued by RBI under Section45-IA of the RBI Act. However, RBI does not accept any responsibility or guarantee about the present position as to the financial soundness of the Company or for the correctness of any of the statements or representations made or opinions expressed by the Company and for discharge of liabilities by the Company.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

An acknowledgement to all with whose help, co-operation and hard work the Company is able to achieve the results.

For and on behalf of the Board of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Place: New Delhi Ravi Jain Raghu Nandan Arora Date: 03/09/2024 Managing Director Director

DIN: 02682612 DIN: 00503731

Annexure - I

# Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Person) Rules, 2014

To The Members, Brilliant Portfolios Limited, B-09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by the **Brilliant Portfolios Limited** (hereinafter called the 'Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended March 31, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- 1. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and return filled and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 according to the provision of:
  - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and rules made there under;
  - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
  - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulation and Bye Laws framed there under;
  - (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act. 1992 ('SEBI ACT'):-
    - (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015:
    - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011;
    - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (v) The Non-Banking Financial Companies Directions, Guidelines and Circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India. I have also examined on test check basis the relevant documents and records maintained by the company and the Returns filed by the Company with the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"). The Company is generally regular in filing the Returns with the RBI.
- 2. Provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act) were not applicable to the Company under the financial year under report:
  - (a) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2018;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018.
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares), Regulations, 2009.
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- 3. I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following to the extent applicable:
  - (I) Secretarial Standard issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
  - (II) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited.

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, guidelines above.

I further Report that:

Place: New Delhi

Date: 12/08/2024

The Board of Director of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exist for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, no specific event/action took place having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

For Om Prakash Agrahari & Co. Company Secretaries

> Om Prakash Agrahari Proprietor C.P. No. 6871 Membership No. FCS 6933 UDIN-F006933F000954869

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure – A and forms an integral part of this report.

### **Annexure A to Secretarial Audit Report**

To The Members, Brilliant Portfolios Limited, B-09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

Place: New Delhi

My Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The compliance of provisions of all laws, rules, regulations and standards applicable to Brilliant Portfolios Limited (the Company) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My examination was limited to the verification of records and procedures on test check basis for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- 2. Maintenance of secretarial and other records of applicable laws is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to issue Secretarial Audit Report, based on the audit of the relevant records maintained and furnished to me by the Company, along with explanations where so required.
- 3. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial and other legal records, legal compliance mechanism and corporate conduct. The verification was done on test check basis to ensure that correct facts as reflected in secretarial and other records produce to me. I believe that the process and practices I followed, provides a reasonable basis for my opinion for the purpose of issue of the Secretarial Audit Report.
- 4. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 5. Whenever required, I have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and major events during the audit period.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Om Prakash Agrahari & Co. Company Secretaries

> Om Prakash Agrahari Proprietor C.P. No. 6871 Membership No. FCS 6933

Date: 12/08/2024 Membership No. FCS 6933

Annexure - II

# Details Pertaining To Employees Pursuant To Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 Read With Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

S.No.	Particulars Required	Relevant Details		
i	Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the	Mr. Ravi Jain (Managing Director)		
	median remuneration of the employees of the	1.57:1		
	company for the financial year ended 31.03.2024	No other Directors are in receipt of remuneration		
ii	Percentage increase in remuneration of each director,	Directors:		
	Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer,	Mr. Ravi Jain, Managing Director –33.33%		
	Company Secretary in the Financial Year	Key Managerial Personnel:		
		Mr. Ashish, Company Secretary-37.50%		
iii	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of	34.21%		
	employees in the financial year			
iv	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the	2 employees as on 31.03.2024		
	Company			
V	Average percentile increase already made in the			
	salaries of employees other than the managerial	Remuneration of executive director was increased		
	personnel in the last financial year and its comparison	by 33.33% and Company Secretary was increased		
	with the percentile increase in the managerial	by 37.50% during the year under review.		
	remuneration and justification thereof and point out if			
	there are any exceptional circumstances for increase	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	in the managerial remuneration	with the objective to keep pace with the industry norms		
vi	It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is paid as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial			
	Personnel and Employees			

## DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT

[As per the Provision of the Part D of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) regulations, 2015]

I, Ravi Jain, Managing Director of the Company do hereby declare that the members of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management. A copy of the Code of Conduct is put on the website of the Company viz, www.brilliantportfolios.com.

By Order of the Board of Directors

FOR BRILLIANT PORTFOLIOS LIMITED

Ravi Jain Managing Director DIN: 02682612

Place: New Delhi

Date: 12th August, 2024

#### **CFO CERTIFICATION**

[As per the Provision of the Part B of Schedule II and Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) regulations, 2015]

To, The Board of Directors Brilliant Portfolios Limited B – 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

## **CFO COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE**

- I, Ashish, Chief Financial Officer of Brilliant Portfolios Limited to the best of my knowledge and belief, certify that
- a. I have reviewed the audited standalone financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31st March, 2024 and to the best of my knowledge and belief: i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading; ii) these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. To the best of my knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the quarter and year ended 31<sup>st</sup>March, 2024 are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c. I accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and I have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting. Deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which I am aware, have been disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee and steps have been taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. I) There has not been any significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the year under reference:
- ii) There has not been any significant change in accounting policies during the year requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements; and
- iii) I am not aware of any instance during the year of significant fraud with involvement therein of the management or any employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Ashish (Chief Financial Officer)

Place: New Delhi

Date: 12th August, 2024

#### **AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

To, The Board of Directors Brilliant Portfolios Limited B – 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi – 110088

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **M/s. Brilliant Portfolios Limited**, for the year ended on **March 31**, **2024**, as stipulated under the relevant provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as referred to in the Listing Regulations for the period April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024, with the relevant records and documents maintained by the Company and furnished to us and the Report on Corporate Governance as approved by the Board of Directors.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

Based on the aforesaid examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Listing Regulations.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

The certificate is addressed and provided to the Members of the Company solely for the purpose of enabling the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Om Prakash Agrahari & Co. Company Secretaries

Om Prakash Agrahari Proprietor C.P. No. 6871 Membership No. FCS 6933 UDIN- F006933F001047929

Place: New Delhi Date: 26/08/2024

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

## **Background**

Brilliant Portfolios Limited ('Your Company') is a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC). Your Company was incorporated in 1994. Your Company is listed on Bombay Stock Exchange. Registered office of your company is in Delhi. Your company is a Non-Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking NBFC.

#### **Business Overview & Trends**

The global economy in FY24 grappled with slow down in economic growth due to persistence of high interest rates, increasing geo-political conflicts, sluggish international trade, and climate related issues. Notwithstanding the uncertain global economic backdrop, the Indian economy continued on its strong growth trajectory in FY24 on the back of some of its key inherent strengths, viz. macro financial stability(characterized by a steadfast inflation targeting regime, adherence to fiscal consolidation roadmap, manageable current account deficit and stable exchange rate along with an adequate buffer of forex reserves),strong twin balance sheets of banks and corporates, and front loading of public capex in key sectors.

Throughout FY24, the Indian economy has maintained its stature as the fastest growing country in the world. The growth outlook was frequently revised upwards following better-than expected quarterly growth numbers during the year.

As per the second advance estimate of the National Statistical Office, the Indian economy is estimated to have grown by 7.6% in FY24compared to 7% in FY23. The strong growth performance is driven by strong momentum in the industrial sector and public capex thrust. The services sector too remained resilient in FY24. The agriculture and allied sector are estimated to have grown by 0.7% in FY24 compared to 4.7% in FY23 due to the presence of El Nino conditions. However, relatively higher mandi prices for major agricultural crops and increased allocations under MNREGA acted as the income stabilizers for rural belts.

#### **Risk Management**

Risk management denotes assessing all existing and potential risks and mitigating and/or pre-empting them to the best possible extent. It is a qualitative and quantitative approach involving risk identification, risk assessment/quantification, instituting/ reviewing controls and risk mitigation. The active management of these risks is vital to achieving your Company's goals while remaining business-cycle proof. The business teams and the risk management function work seamlessly to ensure that your Company's business plans are consistent with the laid-down policies and procedures.

#### **Risks & Concerns**

## **Credit Risk**

Credit risk constitutes the most significant concern for your Company's business. It therefore, needs to have a well thought and calibrated mechanism in place to manage the credit risk. Your Company ensures the availability of a differentiated customer journey and offerings as per the customer segmentation, keeping the risk appetite at the Centre. This organized approach has led to the improvement of its asset quality amid volatile times in the current lending environment.

## **Operational Risk**

Operational risk is the risk arising from system failure, human error, fraud or external events which may cause financial loss or disrupt business activities. Operational risks are governed through the Operational Risk Management Policy. Your Company's effective and preemptive operational risk framework is implemented by the Operational Risk (OR) Team which examines operational risks and incidents in away that ensures robust continuance of processes and systems.

## Market/Liquidity Risk

Adoption of a prudent approach helps in protecting your Company from market and liquidity risks. The Company maintains a positive liquidity gap on a cumulative basis. Your Company ensures a positive interest rate sensitivity. This acts as a mitigant against interest rate risk in the Balance Sheet. Liquidity and interest rate stress testing is also conducted regularly.

#### **Compliance Risk**

Your company has implemented a robust compliance risk management and testing framework. Assessing the effectiveness of compliance is a key aspect of this framework, with your Company deploying techniques to evaluate the level of compliance and identifying instances of non-compliance. This framework is sensitive to your Company's key compliance risks and regulatory activities. The framework inter-alia identifies risks arising from regulatory environment and assesses the effectiveness of controls in place to mitigate the compliance risks.

#### **Internal Control Systems and Their Adequacy**

The Company has an internal control system, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. Testing of such systems forms a part of review by the Internal Audit ("IA") function. The scope and authority of the IA function is defined in the IA Charter in line with the Board approved Risk Based Internal Audit Policy. The IA function of the Company monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of the internal control system in the Company to ensure that financial reports are reliable, operations are effective and efficient and activities comply with applicable laws and regulations.

#### **Human Resources and Industrial Relations**

Over the last few years, your Company has enhanced its operational processes, improved its policies and accelerated its performance. These developments have translated into increased profits, enabling your Company to achieve all its goals. The underlying factor contributing to the significant progress achieved is the 'People' i.e. Employees of your Company who represent the name of your company to diverse customer groups across rural and urban areas. They enable your Company to fulfill its financial aspirations and act as a trusted partner in every customer's financial journey. To provide employees with an environment to maximize their contributions and generate value for the business through capability building, your Company drives a number of initiatives.

## **Cautionary Statement**

Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's plan and objectives, financial conditions, business prospects, estimates and expectations may be forward looking statements which are based on the current belief, assumptions and projections of the Directors and the management of the Company. These statements do not guarantee the future performance and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors some of which may be beyond the control of the Company. Actual results may differ substantially or materially from those expressed or implied. Important developments that could affect the Company's operations include unavailability of finance at competitive rates, significant changes in political and economic environment in India or key markets abroad, tax laws, litigations, interest and other costs.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

Place: New Delhi Ravi Jain Raghu Nandan Arora
Date: 03/09/2024 (Managing Director) (Director)
DIN: 02682612 DIN: 00503731

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the Members of Brilliant Portfolios Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited, (the "company") which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flows Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information(hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profits and other comprehensive income, its cash flow and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. We based on the work we have performed, determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion & Analysis, Board's Report including annexure thereto, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibility of Management & Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 197(16) of the Act in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2024 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 4.
  - a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
  - c) Based on the audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
  - 5. Since the Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year, the question of commenting on whether dividend declared or paid is in accordance with Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 does not arise.
- 6. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31 March 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended is applicable for the Company only with effect from 1 April, 2023, therefore, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, on the preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March, 2024.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta (Partner)

M. No. – 081647

UDIN - 24081647BKHCVT7651

Place: New Delhi Date: 28/05/2024

## Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024:

In terms of the information and explanations sought by me and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by me in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) No intangible assets are held by the Company.
  - b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
  - c) No immovable properties are owned by the Company.
  - d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
  - e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii) a) As explained to us, the Company has a regular program of physical verification of inventory which is, in our opinion, reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, inventory have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, during the year, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- iii) a) The principle business of Company is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances are not prejudicial to the company's interest. The company has not made any investments and not provided / given any guarantee and security.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.
  - d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, there is no overdue amount for more than 90 days in respect of loans given.

- e) The Principle business of Company is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(e) is not applicable
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment except as follows:

(Amount in thousands)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on Demand(A)	2,29,400		
Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)			
Total (A+B)	2,29,400		
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%		

- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company had not granted any loans or provided any guarantee or security to the parties covered under section 185 or made investment as per provisions of section 186. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v) The Provisions of the section 73 to 76 and any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended), are not applicable to the Company being an non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('the RBI') and also the Company has not accepted any deposits from public or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed depositwithin the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi) On the basis of available information and explanation provided to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014 dated December 31, 2014 (as amended from time to time) to the current operations carried out by the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) Order are not applicable.
- vii) a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues and other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities. Further there were no undisputed outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues and other statutory dues as on 31/03/2024 on account of dispute.
- viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, there are no unrecorded transactions that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable.

- ix) a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - c) The Company has neither taken/repaid any term loans during the year covered by our audit.
  - d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.
  - e) The company has no subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order are not applicable.
  - f) The company has no subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order are not applicable.
- x) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable.
  - b) During the year, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible). Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (x)(b) of the Order are not applicable.
- xi) a) As per the information and explanations given to us and as verified by us, there were no frauds on or by the Company which have not been noticed or reported during the year.
  - b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - c) As represented to us by the management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable, and the requisite details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) a)According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act, which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors during the year for the period up to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with them and accordingly provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- xvi) a)The Company has obtained registration under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

- b) During the year, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Further, Company has not conducted any Housing Finance activities and is not required to obtain CoR for such activities from the RBI
- c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence reporting under Clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d) The company is not part of any group and is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order are not applicable.
- xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither incurred any cash losses in the financial nor in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii) There has been no resignation of the previous statutory auditors during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and We neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
  - xx) The Company is not required to spent any expenditure by way of corporate social responsibilities u/s 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of the clause 3 (xx) (a) & (b) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
  - xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta ( Partner)

M. No. - 081647 UDIN - 24081647BKHCVT7651

Place: New Delhi Date: 28/05/2024

## <u>Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the financial statements of Brilliant</u> Portfolios Limited

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) under the 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Brilliant Portfolios Limited("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India" (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities includes design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note")issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and Guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedure to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide a reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that:

1. Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

- Provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of
  financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts
  and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of
  management and directors of the Company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No.: 003724N

V K. Gupta (Partner) M. No. – 081647 UDIN –24081647BKHCVT7651

Place: New Delhi Date: 28/05/2024

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

#### Note 1:CORPORATE INFORMATION

Brilliant Portfolios Limited (the Company) having principal place of business at Registered office, B - 09, 412, ITL Twin Tower, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi - 110088 is a NBFC and engaged in providing services related to the business activity of NBFC within India. As per RBI's Scale Based Regulations (SBR), The company is classified as NBFC - Base Layer (NBFC - BL)

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28th May 2024.

## **Note 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013(as amended from time to time) and relevant presentation requirements of the Companies Act 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that fair value measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies and the relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to two decimal thousands except when otherwise indicated.

### 2.2 Presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis in the following circumstances:

- i. The normal course of business
- ii. The event of default
- iii. The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and / or its counterparties

## 2.3 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset for one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument for another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

## **Initial Recognition and Measurement**

Trade receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset is initially recognised at fair value. In case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

## **Classification and Subsequent Measurement**

## Financial Assets Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- -Financial Asset carried at amortised cost
- -Financial Asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- -Financial Asset at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### **Financial Asset carried at Amortised Cost**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial Asset at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

### **Equity Instruments**

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value.

For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss.

## **De-Recognition**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when:

- (i) The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or
- (ii) The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

## **Initial Recognition and Measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, borrowings etc.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

#### **Financial Liabilities at Amortized cost**

#### **Loans and Borrowings**

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

## **De-Recognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

## Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

## **Impairment of Financial Assets**

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the

impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

## Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit ('CGU') is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets ('CGU').

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount and is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### **Fair Value Measurement**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

#### 2.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

#### Sale of Shares

Revenue from sale of shares is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the traded goods have been passed to the buyer.

#### Interest Income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate. Further, in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India for Non-Banking Finance Companies, income on business assets classified as Non-performing Assets, is also recognized on receipt basis.

#### **Dividend Income**

Dividend income is accounted as and when right to receive dividend is established.

#### 2.5 Net gain on Fair value changes

Any differences between the fair values of financial assets classified as "Fair Value Through Profit or Loss" held by the company on the reporting date is recognised as an unrealised gain / loss in the statement of profit and loss. In cases there is a net gain in the aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains on fair value changes" under Revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed as "Net loss on fair value changes" under Expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.6 Finance Costs

Finance Costs on borrowings is paid towards availing of loan, is amortised on EIR basis over the life of loan.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

- a. As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.
- b. By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows.
- c. including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Any subsequent changes in the estimation of the future cash flows are recognised in interest expense with the corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the liability.

Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognized as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortized over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers and other expenses such as external legal costs. Rating Fees etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

## 2.7 Employee's Benefits

Benefits such as salaries, wages and short-term compensated absences, bonus and ex-gratia etc. are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### 2.8 Taxes

#### **Current Income Tax**

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects

the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax law) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits if it is probable that future taxable amounts will arise to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### 2.9 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise the net amount of short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash (short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less) and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. They are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments (rather than for investment or other purposes).

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

## 2.10 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. The total cost of assets comprises its purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any other incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. Changed in expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of tangible asset are added to its gross value only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be

measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Act. The estimated useful lives are as prescribed by Schedule II of the Act. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

#### 2.11 Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for obsolescence, wherever considered necessary. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

#### 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the Company determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting, the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

#### 2.13 Contingent Liabilities and Commitment

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements

## 2.14 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The Company Reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividend and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

## 2.15 Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

## **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### **Revenue Recognition and Presentation**

The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against specific criteria, i.e. whether it has exposure to the significant risks and rewards associated with the sale of goods or the rendering of services, in order to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has concluded that they operating on a principal to principal basis in all its revenue arrangements.

When deciding the most appropriate basis for presenting revenue or costs of revenue, both the legal form and substance of the agreement between the Company and its business partners are reviewed to determine each party's respective role in the transaction.

### Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

## **Recoverability of Deferred Taxes**

In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment.

#### 2.16 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendment to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

Balance Sheet as at 31, March 2024			
			(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	Notes	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
1 Financial Assets			
(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	483.89	452.5
(b) Bank Balances Other Than (A) Above	4	787.38	742.0
(c) Loans	5	229,400.00	215,000.0
(d) Other Financial Assets	6	1,949.14	1,806.1
2 Non-Financial Assets (a) Inventories	7	708.32	496.5
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	8	1,471.18	1,141.6
(c) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	9	1.06	82.8
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	10	3,725.17	34.6
(e) Other Non Financial Assets	11	89,882.46	123,250.0
TOTAL-ASSETS	'' -	328,408.60	343,006.4
TOTAL-AGGETG	=	320,400.00	040,000.4
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
1 Financial Liabilities			
(a) Payables			
(I) Trade Payables	12		
(i) Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small		=	-
Enterprises			
(ii) Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro		-	0.2
Enterprises and Small Enterprises			
(b) Borrowings (Other Than Debt Securities)	13	179,200.00	180,214.6
(c) Other Financial Liabilities	14	14,218.59	25,810.1
2 Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a) Other Non-Financial Liabilities	15	47,558.63	54,544.9
TOTAL LIABILITIES		240,977.22	260,569.9
3 EQUITY			
(a) Equity Share Capital	16	31,018.00	31,018.0
(b) Other Equity	17	56,413.38	51,418.5
TOTAL EQUITY	_	87,431.38	82,436.5
TOTAL- LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	=	328,408.60	343,006.4
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1 & 2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of financial statement	S		
As per our report of even date attached			
For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates	For and	I on behalf of the Boa	ard of Directors o
Chartered Accountants		Brilliant	Portfolios Limite
Firm's registration number: 003724N			
√. K. Gupta	Ravi Jain		R.N. Arora
Partner)	Managing	Director	Director
Membership Number: 081647	DIN: 0268	32612	DIN: 00503731
Place: New Delhi	Ashish		
Date: 28/05/2024		Secretary & CFO	
UDIN: 24081647BKHCVT7651	Company	Cooleiding a of o	

Partic	nent of Profit & Loss for the Year ended 31, March 2024	Notes	For the Year	(Rs. in Thousand) For the Year
			Ended	Ended
			31.03.2024	31.03.2023
	Revenue from Operations			
	(i) Interest Income	18	30,263.00	27,633.66
	(ii) Dividend Income		1.92	1.70
	(iii) Net Gain on fair value changes	19 _	211.81	-
(I)	Total Revenue from Operations		30,476.73	27,635.36
(II)	Other Income	20 _	99.59	144.42
(III)	Total Income (I+II)		30,576.32	27,779.78
	Expenses			
	(i) Finance Costs	21	17,337.33	17,312.5
	(ii) Fees and Commission Expenses	22	577.72	550.4
	(iii) Net Loss on fair value changes	19	-	64.5
	(iv) Change in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work in Progress, and Stock in Trade	23	-	
	(v) Employee Benefits Expenses	24	810.80	708.2
	(vi) Depreciation	10	9.47	
	(vii) Other Expenses	25	5,225.35	2,830.1
(IV)	Total Expenses (IV)	_	23,960.67	21,465.8
(V)	Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (III-IV)		6,615.65	6,313.9
(VI) (VII)	Exceptional Items Profit / (Loss) before Tax (V-VI)	_	6,615.65	6,313.90
(VIII)	Tax Expense:			
(,	(1) Current Tax	26	1,539.02	1,619.6
	(2) Deferred Tax	27	81.76	17.27
(IX)	Profit for the year (VII-VIII)		4,994.87	4,677.02
(X)	Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
(XI)	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (IX+X)		4,994.87	4,677.02
(XII)	Earning Per Equity Share	28		
	Basic (Rs.)		1.61	1.51
	Diluted (Rs.)		1.61	1.51
Sianific	cant Accounting Policies	1 & 2		
	companying notes form an integral part of financial statements			
As per	our report of even date attached			
For Sa	njeev Bhargava & Associates	For	and on behalf of the	Board of Directors o
Charte	red Accountants		Brilli	ant Portfolios Limited
Firm's	registration number: 003724N			
V. K. C	•	Ravi Jai		R.N. Arora
(Propr		_	ng Director	Director
Membe	ership Number: 081647	DIN: 026	682612	DIN: 00503731
Diaca:	New Delhi	Ashish		
	New Defini 28/05/2024		y Secretary & CFO	
	LU/UJ/LULT	Compar	iy Jecielaly & CPU	

## **BRILLIANT PORTFOLIOS LIMITED**

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2024

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Year Ended			
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	·	·		
Profit before Tax	6,615.65	6,313.90		
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation & Amortisation	9.47	-		
Provision for standard assets	36.00	123.92		
Net gain on fair value change	(211.81)	64.52		
Operating Profit / (Loss) before Working Capital				
Changes	6,449.31	6,502.34		
Working Capital Changes				
Loans	(14,400.00)	(49,570.61)		
Other Financial Assets	(142.96)	(430.85)		
Other Non- Financial Assets	34,509.15	2,043.58		
Other Bank Balances	(45.29)	(38.74)		
Trade Payables & Contract Liabilities	(0.21)	-		
Other Financial Liablities	(11,591.56)	(3,922.35)		
Other Non- Financial Liablities	(7,022.34)	20,038.62		
Cash used in Operations Before tax	7,756.10	(25,378.01)		
Less: Income Tax Paid / TDS	3,010.20	2,761.22		
Net Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	4,745.90	(28,139.23)		
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities				
Property, Plant and Equipment	(3,700.00)	-		
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities	(3,700.00)	-		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Borrowings other than debt securities Issued / (Repaid)	(1,014.60)	27,264.60		
Net Cash flow from / (used in) Financing Activities	(1,014.60)	27,264.60		
• • •	, , ,	ŕ		
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	31.30	(874.63)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	452.59	1,327.22		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year	452.59	452.59		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year	403.09	452.59		
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash on Hand	322.23	328.93		
Balances with Banks				
In Current Accounts	161.66	123.66		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	483.89	452.59		
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 1 & 2				

- 1. The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Accounting Standard-3, "Cash Flow Statement" notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.
- 2. Notes to the financials statements are an integral part of the Cash Flow Statement.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Brilliant Portfolios Limited** 

Firm's registration number: 003724N

Chartered Accountants

V. K. Gupta Ravi Jain R.N. Arora (Proprietor) **Managing Director** Director DIN: 02682612 Membership Number: 081647 DIN: 00503731

Place: New Delhi Ashish

Date: 28/05/2024 **Company Secretary & CFO** 

UDIN: 24081647BKHCVT7651

Statement of Changes in equity for	or the year ended Mar	ch 31, 2024			
A. Equity Share Capital					
(1) Current Year					
				(Rs. in Thousand)	<u>.</u>
Balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 01, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year 2023 - 24	Balance as at March 31, 2024	
31,018.00	_	31,018.00	-	31,018.00	
(2) Previous Year		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(Rs. in Thousand)	•
Balance as at April 01, 2022	Changes in Equity	Restated balance	Changes in Equity	Balance as at	Ī
	Share Capital due to prior period errors		Share Capital during the year 2022 - 23	March 31, 2023	
31,018.00	-	31,018.00	-	31,018.00	
·	-	31,016.00	-	31,016.00	
B. Other Equity				/1	Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars		Reserve	& Surplus	Other	Total equity
				Comprehensive Income	
		Statutory reserve pursuant to section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934	Retained Earnings	Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	
Delegation and accept		11.070.10	05.000.01		40.744.40
Balance as at April 01, 2022 Profit for the year		11,072.48	35,669.01 4,677.02	-	46,741.49 4,677.02
Other comprehensive income		-	-,077.02		-,077.02
Transfer to Statutory reserve		935.41	(935.41)	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023		12,007.89	39,410.62	-	51,418.51
Profit for the year		-	4,994.87	-	4,994.87
Other comprehensive income		-	- (000.07)	-	-
Transfer to Statutory reserve  Balance as at March 31, 2024		998.97 <b>13,006.86</b>	(998.97) <b>43,406.52</b>	-	56,413.38
,		<u> </u>	43,400.32	<u> </u>	30,413.30
Summary of Significant Accounting The accompanying notes form an ir		1 & 2 statements			
As per our report of even date attac					
For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associat	tes		For and	on behalf of the Boar	d of Directors of
Chartered Accountants				Brilliant F	Portfolios Limited
Firm's registration number: 003724	N				
V. K. Gupta (Proprietor) Membership Number: 081647			Ravi Jain Managing Director DIN: 02682612		R.N. Arora Director DIN: 00503731
Place: New Delhi Date: 28/05/2024 UDIN: 24081647BKHCVT7651			Ashish Company Secretary	& CFO	

## Notes to accounts for the Period ended March 31, 2024

#### Note 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balances with banks:		
- Current account	161.66	123.66
Cash on hand	322.23	328.93
	483.89	452.59

## Note 4 : BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (NOTE 3) ABOVE

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Bank deposits with more than twelve months maturity	787.38	742.09
	787.38	742.09

#### Note 5: LOANS

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
A		
Loans	229,400.00	215,000.00
Total - Gross (A)	229,400.00	215,000.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss	-	-
Total - Net (A)	229,400.00	215,000.00
В		
Secured by tangible Asset	200,000.00	200,000.00
Unsecured	29,400.00	15,000.00
Total - Gross(B)	229,400.00	215,000.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss	-	-
Total - Net (B)	229,400.00	215,000.00
С		
Loans in India		
i. Public Sector	-	-
ii. others	229,400.00	215,000.00
Total - Gross(C)	229,400.00	215,000.00
Less: Expected Credit Loss	<del> </del>	<u> </u>
Total - Net (C)	229,400.00	215,000.00

Note 1- The Company's buisness model is to hold contractual cash flows, being the payment of Principal and Interest till maturity and accordingly the loans are measured at amortised cost.

Note 3- The Company does not have any loans outside India.

Note 2- Secured Loans are secured by way of collateral of immovable property and securities.

Note 6	·OTHER	<b>FINANCIAI</b>	ASSETS
MOLE D	CULTER	CINANCIA	LAGGELG

Note 6 : OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest accrued on loan	1,949.14	1,806.18
	1,949.14	1,806.18
Note 7 : INVENTORIES		
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	708.32	496.51
	708.32	496.51
Note 8 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)		
,		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance Income Tax / TDS	3,010.20	2,761.22
Less : Provision of Tax	1,539.02	1,619.61
	1,471.18	1,141.61

## Note 9 : DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)

The Major components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are:

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)		
- Property, plant and equipment	1.06	82.82
	1.06	82.82

## Note 10 : PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

				(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	Computer	Plant &	Office	Total
		Machinery	Equipme	
Gross Block				
As at April 01, 2022	150.00	209.05	333.64	692.69
Addition during the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	150.00	209.05	333.64	692.69
Addition during the year	-	3,700.00	-	3,700.00
Disposals during the year	-	, -	-	, <u>-</u>
As at March 31, 2024	150.00	3,909.05	333.64	4,392.69

Depreciation

As at April 01, 2022	142.50	198.60	316.95	658.05
			0.0.00	
Depreciation for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	142.50	198.60	316.95	658.05
Depreciation for the year	-	9.47	-	9.47
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	142.50	208.07	316.95	667.52

Net Block				
At March 31, 2023	7.50	10.46	16.69	34.65
At March 31, 2024	7.50	3,700.98	16.69	3,725.17

#### **Note 11: OTHER NON FINANCIAL ASSETS**

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Capital Advances	85,500.00	122,900.00
Other Advances	4,382.46	350.00
	89,882.46	123,250.00

## **Note 12: TRADE PAYABLES**

		(Rs. in Thousand)	
Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023	
Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises*	-	-	
Outstanding dues to parties other than micro and small enterprises	-	0.21	
·	-	0.21	

Based on the intimation received by the Company, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid /payable are required to be furnished.

<sup>\*</sup> The information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of Information available with the Company. The amount of principal and interest outstanding during the year is given below.

Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
a. Amount outstanding but not due as at year end	-	-
b. Amount due but unpaid as at the year end	-	-
c. Amount paid after appointed date during the year	-	-
d. Amount of intereast accrued and unpaid as at year end	-	-
e. The amount of further interest due and payable even in the suceeding year	-	-
Total	-	-

## Ageing schedule

## (1) Current Year

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payme				e date of payment
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-					-
(ii) Others	-					-
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-					-
(iii) Disputed dues - Others	-					-

## (2) Previous Year

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of paym				e date of payment
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-					-
(ii) Others	-	0.21				0.21
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-					-
(iii) Disputed dues - Others	-					•

## Note 13: BORROWINGS (OTHER THAN DEBT SECURITIES)

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
Loan Repayable on Demand - Unsecured		
From others Parties	179,200.00	180,214.60
	179,200.00	180,214.60
Borrowings in India	179,200.00	180,214.60
Borrowings outside India	· -	<u>-</u>
	179,200.00	180,214.60

#### **Note 14: OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

(Rs. in Thousand)

		(113: III TIIOGGGIIG)
Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		
- Amount due to others	3,644.82	10,428.04
Others	10,573.77	15,382.12
	14,218.59	25,810.16

## Note 15: OTHER NON FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023	
Advances from others	46,495.00	53,390.00	
Statutory dues payable	490.13	617.47	
Provision for contingency against standard assets	573.50	537.50	
	47,558.63	54,544.97	

Note 16: EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

		(Rs. in Thousand)	
Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023	
Authorised share capital 35,00,000 (March 31, 2023: 35,00,000) shares of Rs 10 each	35,000.00	35,000.00	
Issued, subscribed and paid up 31,01,800 (March 31, 2023: 31,01,800) equity shares of Rs 10 each	31,018.00	31,018.00	
	31,018.00	31,018.00	

#### Reconciliation of issued and subscribed share capital at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	Α	s At	As	As At		
	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount		
Equity Shares outstanding as at the beginning of the year Issued during the year	3,101,800 -	31,018.00 -	3,101,800 -	31,018.00		
Equity Shares outstanding as at the end of the year	3,101,800	31,018.00	3,101,800	31,018.00		

#### Terms/ rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time.

During the year ended 31st March,2023, no dividend (Previous Year Nil) is declared by the Board of Directors.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of Shareholder	As	As At March 31, 2024		
	March 31			
	Number	%	Number	%
A.K. Jain	234,200	7.55%	234,200	7.55%
Ravi Jain	288,700	9.31%	288,700	9.31%
Sarita Jain	303,220	9.78%	303,220	9.78%

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Details of promoters holding shares in the company are given below

Promoter Name	As At		As At		% Change during	
	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023		the year	
	Number of shares	% of total shares	Number of shares	% of total shares	•	
Individuals / Hindu undivided Family						
R N Arora	35,760	1.15%	35,760	1.15%	0.00%	
Deepak Kumar Aggarwal	102,900	3.32%	102,900	3.32%	0.00%	
Ankit Aggarwal	103,600	3.34%	103,600	3.34%	0.00%	
A.K. Jain	234,200	7.55%	234,200	7.55%	0.00%	
Subhash Chander Mittal	9,300	0.30%	9,300	0.30%	0.00%	
Sangeeta Jain	153,565	4.95%	153,565	4.95%	0.00%	
Sarita Jain	303,220	9.78%	303,220	9.78%	0.00%	
Ravi Jain	288,700	9.31%	288,700	9.31%	0.00%	
Meenu Jain	146,795	4.73%	146,795	4.73%	0.00%	
Paritosh Jain	153,800	4.96%	153,800	4.96%	0.00%	
Total	1,531,840	49.39%	1,531,840	49.39%		

Shares held by Holding / Ultimate holding company and/or their subsidaries/associates:

## Note 17 : OTHER EQUITY

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	As AtMarch 31,	As AtMarch 31,
	2024	2023
Statutory Reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934		
Balance as per last financial statements	12,007.89	11,072.48
Add: Amount transferred from surplus balance in the statement of		
profit and loss	998.97	935.41
Closing balance	13,006.86	12,007.89
Retained Earnings (Surplus / deficit in statement of profit and		
Surplus / deficit in statement of profit and loss	39,410.62	35,669.01
Profit for the year	4,994.87	4,677.02
Less: Appropriations		
Transfer to Reserve Fund under section 45 IC(1) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	998.97	935.41
	43,406.52	39,410.62
Total	56,413.38	51,418.51

## Statutory Reserve pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934

Every non banking financial company shall create a reserve fund to transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss and before any divident is declared

## **Note 18: INTEREST INCOME**

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Interest on Loans	30,263.00	27,633.66
	30,263.00	27,633.66

## Note 19: NET (GAIN)/ LOSS ON FAIR VALUE CHANGES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
(A) Net (gain)/ loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
(i) on trading portfolio		
.Inventories (Shares)	211.81	64.52
(B) Total Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes	211.81	64.52
(C) Fair Value chages:		
. Unrealised	211.81	64.52
Total Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes	211.81	64.52

#### Note 20: OTHER INCOME

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Interest on FDR	48.21	38.74
Interest on Income tax refund	51.38	105.68
	99.59	144.42

## Note 21: FINANCE COSTS

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Bank Charges	1.27	1.48
Interest on Loans	17,336.06	17,309.61
Interest - Others	<del>_</del>	1.47
	17,337.33	17,312.56

## Note 22: FEES AND COMMISSION EXPENSES

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Filing Fee	4.22	30.91
Listing Fee	383.50	354.00
Commission	190.00	165.50
	577.72	550.41

## Note 23 : CHANGE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND STOCK IN TRADE

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
As at the beginning of the year:		
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	496.51	561.03
Less: Provision for change in value of inventory		-
A	496.51	561.03
As at the closing of the year:		
Shares (at Fair Value Through Profit & Loss)	708.32	496.51
Less: Provision for change in value of inventory		-
В	708.32	496.51
Change in Inventories (Net) (A - B)	(211.81)	64.52
Less: Net (gain) / loss on fair value change through		
Profit & Loss	(211.81)	64.52
		-
Note 24 : EMPLOYEES BENEFIT EXPENSES		
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Salaries	810.80	708.22

810.80

**Note 25: OTHER EXPENSES** 

		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
AGM Expenses	5.00	5.00
Payment to Auditors (as per details given below)	80.00	80.00
Demat and Delivery Handling Charges	158.73	111.83
Director's Remuneration	2,400.00	1,800.00
Printing & Stationery	41.22	42.43
Professional Fee	46.83	101.30
Share Expenses	0.59	0.74
Provision for Standard Assets	36.00	123.92
Other Expenses	2,456.98	564.95
	5,225.35	2,830.17
		(Rs. in Thousand)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Payment to Auditors include		
As Auditor		
- Statutory Audit Fee	77.00	77.00
- Other Audit Fee	3.00	3.00
	80.00	80.00

**CSR Expenses** - As per the provisions of section 135 of the companies Act, 2013 company is not required to spend any amount of its net profit on Corporate Social Responsibility expenses during the financial.

**Disclosure in relation to undisclosed income** - There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

**Details of Crypto currency or Virtual currency** - The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

Note 26: CURRENT TAX
Income Tax Recognised in statement of profit & loss

		(Rs. in Thousand)	
Particulars	As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023	
Current tax	Wat 611 61, 2024	Water 31, 2023	
In respect of the current year In respect of prior years	1,539.02	1,619.61 -	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year In respect of prior years	81.76	17.27 -	
Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss	1,620.78	1,636.88	

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting Profit multiplied by India's Domestic tax rate for March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in Thousand)		
Particulars	As At	As At		
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Accounting Profit before tax	6,615.65	6,313.90		
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (March 31, 2023: 25.168%)	1,665.03	1,589.08		
Tax pertaining to prior years	-	-		
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	9.06	47.80		
Tax effect of incomes which are not chargeable for tax purposes	(53.31)	-		
Tax effect of deduction under Chapter VIA	-	-		
At the effective income tax rate	1,620.78	1,636.88		
Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss	1,620.78	1,636.88		
Difference	-	-		

## **Note 27: DEFERRED TAX**

The Following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income Tax expense:

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Income Statement	OCI
		s At 31, 2024	2023-24	2023-24
Deferred tax relates to the				
Property, plant and equipment	1.06	-	81.76	-
Minimum Alternate Tax Credit Entitlement	-		-	
Total	1.06	-	81.76	-

Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Income Statement	OCI
		s At 31, 2023	2022-23	2022-23
Deferred tax relates to the following: Property, plant and equipment Minimum Alternate Tax Credit Entitlement	82.82	-	17.27 -	-
Total	82.82	-	17.27	-

Deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities are calculated at the applicable rate of 25.168% (March 31,2023: 25.168%)

NOTE 28: IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS - 33 EARNING PER SHARE

(Rs. in Thousand)

			(113. III Tilousaliu)
Particulars		As At March 31, 2024	As At March 31, 2023
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	Rs.	4,994.87	4,677.02
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS	Nos.	3,101,800	3,101,800
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Diluted EPS	Nos.	3,101,800	3,101,800
Basic earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of 10/- per share)	Rs.	1.61	1.51
Diluted earnings per equity share (in Rupees) (Face value of 10/- per share)	Rs.	1.61	1.51

## Note 29: CHANGE IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Particulars	As at April 1, 2023	Cash Flows	Other	As at March 31, 2024
Borrowings other than debt securities	180,214.60	(1,014.60)	-	179,200.00
Total	180,214.60	(1,014.60)	-	179,200.00

Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Other	As at March 31, 2023
Borrowings other than debt securities	152,950.00	27,264.60	-	180,214.60
Total	152,950.00	27,264.60	-	180,214.60

## Note 30 : FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars	Year ended Mai	rch 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023		
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	483.89	-	452.59	
Bank Balances Other Than Above	-	787.38	-	742.09	
Loans	-	229,400.00	-	215,000.00	
Other Financial Assets	-	1,949.14	-	1,806.18	
Inventories( Shares)	708.32	-	496.51	-	
Total Financial Assets	708.32	232,620.41	496.51	218,000.86	
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	-	-	-	0.21	
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	-	179,200.00	-	180,214.60	
Other Financial Liabilities	-	14,218.59	-	25,810.16	
Total Financial Liabilities	-	193,418.59	-	206,024.97	

## **Fair Value Hierarchy**

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table

#### Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars			Fair Value		Total
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
As at March 31, 2024					
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	483.89	483.89	-	-	483.89
Bank Balances Other Than Above	787.38	787.38	=	-	787.38
Loans	229,400.00	-	=	229,400.00	229,400.00
Other Financial Assets	1,949.14	-	=	1,949.14	1,949.14
Total Financial Assets	232,620.41	1,271.27	-	231,349.14	232,620.41
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	179,200.00	-	-	179,200.00	179,200.00
Other Financial Liabilities	14,218.59	-	-	14,218.59	14,218.59
Total Financial Liabilities	193,418.59	-	-	193,418.59	193,418.59
As at March 31, 2023					
Financial assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	452.59	452.59	-	-	452.59
Bank Balances Other Than Above	742.09	742.09	-	-	742.09
Loans	215,000.00	-		215,000.00	215,000.00
Other Financial Assets	1,806.18	-	-	1,806.18	1,806.18
Total Financial Assets	218,000.86	1,194.68	-	216,806.18	218,000.86
Financial liabilities					
Trade Payables	0.21	-	-	0.21	0.21
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	180,214.60	-	-	180,214.60	180,214.60
Other Financial Liabilities	25,810.16	-	-	25,810.16	25,810.16
Total Financial Liabilities	206,024.97	-	-	206,024.97	206,024.97

#### Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

(Rs. in Thousand)

Particulars			Total		
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
As at March 31, 2024					
Inventories( Shares)	708.32	708.32	-	-	708.32
Total	708.32	708.32	-	-	708.32
As at March 31, 2023					
Inventories( Shares)	496.51	496.51	-	-	496.51
Total	496.51	496.51	-	-	496.51

#### Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024

Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, capital creditors and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

The Company gives loans / taken borrowings at market rates. The fair value of these loans approximates the carrying amount.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

#### **Note 31: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The primary objective of the Company's capital management policy is to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and requirements of the financial covenants. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

Regulatory capital consists of Tier1 capital which comprises share capital, share premium, and retained earnings including current year profit. The other component of regulatory capital is Tier 2 capital instruments. Refer Note 36 (xii) for the company's capital ratios.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **Risk Disclosures**

Company's risk is managed through an integrated risk management framework, including ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability and each individual within the Company is accountable for the risk exposures relating to his or her responsibilities. It is the Company's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables, interest accrued and advances. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations.

The Company's principal financial assets includes loans, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with bank, interest accrued and advances.

The Company is exposed to market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

All activities for risk management purposes are carried out by the teams that have the appropriate skills, experience and supervision.

#### A. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk borrowings, short term deposits and derivative financial instruments.

The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The core business of the company is providing loans. The company borrows through various financial instruments to finance its core lending activity. These activities expose the company to interest rate risk.

Company does not have any floating rate borrowing. The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss becoause its customers or counteparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Company manages and control credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties The Company is exposed to credit risk mainly from its loans.

The Company continously monitors all assets subject to Expected Credit Losses. In order to determine whether an instrument or a portfolio of instruments is subject to 12 months Expected Credit Losse or lifetime Expected Credit Losse, the Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

#### C. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances. Such scenarios could occur when funding needed for illiquid asset positions is not available to the Company on acceptable terms. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024

Note 32: Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 107 "Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities"

(Rs. in Thousand)

S. No.	Particulars	As	At March 31, 20	)24	As	s At March 31, 2	n Thousand) 2023
	-	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
	ASSETS						
1	Financial Assets						
	(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	483.89	-	483.89	452.59	-	452.59
	(b) Bank Balances Other Than (A) Above	-	787.38	787.38	-	742.09	742.09
	(c) Loans	-	229,400.00	229,400.00	-	215,000.00	215,000.00
	(d) Other Financial Assets	1,949.14	-	1,949.14	1,806.18	-	1,806.18
2	Non-Financial Assets						
	(a) Inventories	-	708.32	708.32	-	496.51	496.51
	(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	-	1,471.18	1,471.18	-	1,141.61	1,141.61
	(c) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	1.06	1.06	-	82.82	82.82
	(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	-	3,725.17	3,725.17	-	34.65	34.65
	(e) Other Non Financial Assets	4032.462	85,850.00	89,882.46	-	123,250.00	123,250.00
	TOTAL-ASSETS	6,465.49	321,943.10	328,408.60	2,258.77	340,747.68	343,006.45
	LIABILITIES						
1	Financial Liabilities (a) Payables (I) Trade Payables						
	(i) Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(ii) Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other Than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	-	-	-	0.21	-	0.21
	(b) Borrowings (Other Than Debt Securities)	-	179,200.00	179,200.00	-	180,214.60	180,214.60
	(c) Other Financial Liabilities	4,038.39	10,180.20	14,218.59	10,629.96	15,180.20	25,810.16
2	Non-Financial Liabilities						
	(a) Other Non-Financial Liabilities	490.13	47,068.50	47,558.63	617.47	53,927.50	54,544.97
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,528.52	236,448.70	240,977.22	11,247.64	249,322.30	260,569.94

The above information is based on certain management estimates which has been relied upon by the auditors.

Notes to accounts for the year ended March 31, 2024

## **Note 33: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

### a) Name and relationship of the related parties:

Relationship	Name of Related Party
Key Management Personnels (KMP) and their	Ravi Jain, Director
relatives	R. N. Arora, Director
	Bhuvnesh Kumar Sharma, Director
	Shruti Das, Director
	Rameshwar Dayal Sharma, Director .
	Ashish, Company Secretary & CFO

## b) Details of the related party transactions during the year and balance outstanding as at the end of the year:

(Rs. in Thousand)

		(113. III Tilousulla)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Drofit and Lace Assount Itams		
Profit and Loss Account Items:		
Expenses:		
(i) Remuneration & others		
Ravi Jain	2,400.00	1,800.00
Ashish	810.80	708.22
Balance outstanding as at the end of the year		
(i) Remuneration payable		
Ravi Jain	224.86	-
Ashish	70.48	-

## Note 34 : SEGMENT INFORMATION (IND AS 108)

The Company operates mainly in the business segment of fund based financing activity. All other activities revolve around the main business. Further, all activities are carried out within India. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the provisions of IND AS 108 on 'Operating Segments'.

**Note 35:** Schedule to the Balance Sheet of Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company as required in terms of Reserve Bank of India Prudential Norms are annexed hereto.

Note 36: Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever considered necessary.

#### Note 37 - Additional regulatory information under division III to schedule III as per notification dated March 24, 2021

#### (i) Title deeds of Immovable Property:

The Company does not have any immovable property whose title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

#### (ii) Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment:

The company has not relvalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.

#### (iii) Revaluation of Intangible Assets:

The company does not have any Intangible Assets during the year.

#### (iv) Loans or Advances:

During the year, the Company has not provided any loans or advances granted to promoters, directors and KMPs.

#### (v) Intangible assets under development ageing schedule:

The company does not have any Intangible asset under development during the year.

#### (vi) Details of Benami Property held:

No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended from time to time) and the rules made thereunder.

#### (vii) Security of current assets against borrowings:

During the year no current asset is secured against borrowings of the company.

#### (viii) Wilful Defaulter:

The company has not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

#### (ix) Relationship with struck off Companies:

During the year, the Company has not entered into any transation with struck off companies.

#### (x) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC):

During the year, there was no delay in registration of charges or satisfaction with ROC and no charge is pending for registration.

#### (xi) Compliance with number of layers of companies:

The company has complied with the requirements of layers as per Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013.

#### (xii) Analytical Ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for Variance (if above 25%)
Capital to risk -weighted assets ratios (CRAR)	Total Capital Fund	Total risk weighted assets / exposures	26.99%	24.34%	10.89%	-
Tier I CRAR	Net Owned Fund	Total risk weighted assets / exposures	26.82%	24.18%	10.90%	-
Tier II CRAR	Aggregate Tier II Capital	Total risk weighted assets / exposures	0.18%	0.16%	12.50%	-
Liquidity Coverage Ratios		Total Cash Net Outflow over the next 30 calendar days	Not applicable	Not applicable		Refer Note below

#### Note

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) issued Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023. These guidelines include the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which is applicable to non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size exceeding Rs. 5000 Crores. However, the Company does not meet the criteria for LCR applicability, and therefore, the disclosure provisions related to LCR are not applicable to the Company.

#### (xiii) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements:

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement.

#### (xiv) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

Borrowed funds have been utilised for the purpose they have been sanctioned and company does not have share premium during the year.

#### (xv)

- (a) The company has not advanced or loaned or Invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other source or other kind of funds) to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (b) The company has not received any fund (which are material either individual or in the aggregate ) from any person or entity, including foreign entity ( "Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parties ( "Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

Note 38 - Disclosure in Financial Statements- Notes to Accounts of NBFCs refer to circular RBI/2022-23/26 DOR.ACC.REC.No. 20/21.04.018 / 2022-23 Scale Based Regulation (SBR) dated 19th April 2022

#### 38.1 Exposures

## 38.1.1 Exposure to Real Estate Sector: None

#### 38.1.2 Exposure to Capital Market

(Rs. in Thousand)

			(Rs. in Thousand)
	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity orineted mutula funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debts	708.32	496.51
ii)	Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	-	-
iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	-	-
v)	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	-	-
vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources	200,000	200,000
vii)	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues	-	-
viii)	Underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
ix)	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading	-	=
x)	All exposures to Alternative Investment Funds:		
	(i) Category I	-	-
	(ii) Category II	-	-
	(iii) Category III	-	-
	Total exposure to capital market	200,708.32	200,496.51

38.1.3 Sectoral exposure

	Sectors	Year end	led March 31,	2024	Year ended March 31, 2023						
		Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure) (Rs in thousand)	Gross NPAs (Rs in thousand)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off- balance sheet exposure) (Rs in thousand)	Gross NPAs (Rs in thousand)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector				
1	Agriculture and Allied Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2	Industry										
	i. Steel Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	ii. Hotel Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	Others	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	Total of Industry (i + ii + others)	-	-	-	-		-				
3	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-				
4	Personal Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-				
5	Others, if any										
	i. Inter Corporate Deposit	229,400	-	-	215,000	-	-				
	Total of Others	229,400	-	-	215,000	-	-				

38.1.4 Intra-group exposure

S. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
i)	Total amount of intra-group exposures	-	-
ii)	Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures		-
	Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on		
iii)	borrowers/customers	-	-

#### 38.1.5 Unhedged foreign curreny exposure

There is no Unhedged foreign curreny exposures as on year ended March 31, 2024 (Previous Year Nil)

#### 38.2 Related Party Disclosure

(Rs. in Thousand)

												(113. 111	n inousand)	
Related Party	Parent owners conf	ship or	Subsid	diaries	Associat vent	es/ Joint ures	Key Man Perso	agement onnel <sup>1</sup>	Manag	es of Key gement onnel	Oth	ers2	То	otal
Items	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Borrowings	-		-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-		ı	-		-	-		-	
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Purchase of fixed/ other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of fixed/ other assets	1	-	-	-	_	1	·	-	-	-	-		_	
Interest paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest received	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others		-	-	-	-	-	3,210.80	2,508.22	-	-	-		3,210.80	2,508.22

<sup>1.</sup> Includes transaction with directiors amounting to Rs. 2400 thousands (Previous year Rs. 1800 thousand). There is no transaction with relative of directiors during the current and previous year.

#### 38.3 Disclosure of complaints

#### 38.3.1 Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

S.No.		Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	0 1-	intermediate the NDEO form its continues.		
	Compia	ints received by the NBFC from its customers	-	-
1		Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	-	-
2		Number of complaints received during the year	-	-
3		Number of complaints disposed during the year	-	-
	3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
4		Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-
	Maintai	nable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	-	-
5		Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/ advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6		Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

38.3.2 Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

Grounds of	Number of	Number of	% increase/	Number of	Of 5, number of
complaints, (i.e.	complaints	complaints	decrease in the	complaints	complaints
complaints	pending at the	received during	number of	pending at the	pending beyond
relating to)	beginning of the	the year	complaints	end of the year	30 days
	year		received over		
			the previous		
			year		
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Year ended Ma	rch 31, 2024		
Ground - 1	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 2	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 3	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 4	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 5	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-
		Year ended Ma	rch 31, 2023		
Ground - 1	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 2	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 3	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 4	-	-	-	-	-
Ground - 5	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

#### For Sanjeev Bhargava & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 003724N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Brilliant Portfolios Limited

V. K. Gupta Ravi Jain R.N. Arora
(Partner) Managing Director Director
Membership Number: 081647 DIN: 02682612 DIN: 00503731

Place: New Delhi Ashis

Date: 28/05/2024 Company Secretary & CFO

UDIN: 24081647BKHCVT7651

<sup>\*</sup> It shall only be applicable to NBFCS which are included under The Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021

# ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN NOTE NO. 35 OF OTHER NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ANNEXED AS PER RESERVE BANK OF INDIA PRUDENTIAL NORMS:

			<u>(F</u>	Rs. in Thousan		
		Particulars				
		Liabilities side	Amount	Amount		
	_		Outstanding	Overdue		
(1)		ns and Advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of				
		rest accrued thereon but not paid:				
	(a)	Debentures : Secured	NIL	NIL		
		: Unsecured	NIL	NIL		
		(Other than falling within the meaning of Public Deposits)	NIL	NIL		
	\ /	Deferred Credits	NIL	NIL		
	_ ` _	Term Loans	NIL	NIL		
		Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	1,82,844.82/-	NIL		
	` '	Commercial Paper	NIL	NIL		
		Public Deposits	NIL	NIL		
	(g)	Other Loans (Specify Nature)	NIL	NIL		
2)		ak-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive				
		nterest accrued thereon but not paid):				
	( /	In the form of Unsecured debentures	NIL	NIL		
	(b)	In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where	NIL	NIL		
		there is a shortfall in the value of security				
	(c)	Other public deposits	NIL	NIL		
		Assets side:	Amount Outstanding			
(3)	Bre	ak-up of Loans and advances including bills receivables				
	[oth	er than those included in (4) below]:				
	(a)	Secured	2,00,000.00/-			
	_ ` _	Unsecured		1,14,900.00/-		
4)	` '	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and	, ,			
-,		hypothecation loans counting towards EL / HP activities				
	(i)	Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:				
	(.)	(a) Financial Lease	NI	I		
		(b) Operational Lease	NI			
	(ii)	Stock on Hire including hire charges under Sundry debtors:	111	<u></u>		
	(11)	(a) Assets on Hire	NI			
		(b) Repossesed Assets	NI			
	(iii)	Hypothecation loans counting towards EL / HP activities	INI	<u> </u>		
	(111)	(a) Loans where assets have been repossesed	NI	 I		
		(b) Loans other than (a) above	NI			
	Bro		INI	<u> </u>		
5١		ak up of Investments: rent Investments:				
5)	10					
5)		Oueted:				
5)	Cur 1	Quoted:	700 /	20/		
5)		(i) Shares: (a) Equity	708.3			
5)		(i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference	NI	L		
(5)		(i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference (ii) Debentured and Bonds	NI NI	L L		
(5)		(i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference	NI	L L L		

	2	Unquoted:				
	1 -	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	NIL			
		(b) Preference	N			
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds		N		
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds		N		
		(iv) Government Securities		N		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		N		
	Lor	ng Term Investments:			· <u> </u>	
	1	Quoted:	N	L		
		(i) Shares: (a) Equity		N		
		(b) Preference		NIL		
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds	NIL			
		(iii) Units of Mutual Funds	N			
		(iv) Government Securities		N		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		N		
	2	Unquoted:			· <del>-</del>	
	1 -	(i) Shares: (a) Equity		N	L	
		(b) Preference		N		
		(ii) Debentured and Bonds		N		
	t	(iii) Units of Mutual Funds		N		
		(iv) Government Securities		N		
		(v) Others (Please Specify)		N		
(6)	Bor	rower Group-wise classification of all leased	l assets, stock -			
		hire and loans and advances as in (3) and (4)	above:			
	Cat	egory	Δ.			
-	4	Deleted Device		nount net of provision		
	1	Related Parties	Secured NIL	Unsecured NIL	Total NIL	
		(a) Subsidiaries	NIL	NIL	NIL	
	<u> </u>	(b) Companies in the same group		–		
	<u> </u>	(c) Other related parties	NIL	NIL	NIL 0.14.000.00/	
	2	Other than Related Parties	2,00,000.00/-	1,14,900.00/-	3,14,900.00/-	
<b>(3</b> )	<b>!.</b>	Total	2,00,000.00/-	1,14,900.00/-	3,14,900.00/-	
(7)		estor Group-wise classification of all Investm	•			
		I Long term) in shares and securities (both q	uotea ana			
	Cat	egory		Market value /	Book Value (Net	
				Break-up or fair	of Provisions)	
		1		value or NAV		
	1	Related Parties				
		(a) Subsidiaries		NIL	NIL	
		(b) Companies in the same group		NIL	NIL	
		(c) Other related parties		NIL	NIL	
	2	Other than Related Parties	NIL	NIL		
		Total		NIL	NIL	
(8)	Oth	er Information				
		Particulars		Amo	ount	
		(i) Gross Non- Performing Assets				
		(a) Related Parties	NIL			
		(b) Other than Related Parties	NIL			
		(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets				
		(a) Related Parties	NIL			
		(b) Other than Related Parties		NIL		
		(iii) Assets Acquired in satisfaction of debts		NIL		
			INIL			

If undelivered please return to:
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B - 09, ITL Twin Tower,
Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi - 110088
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